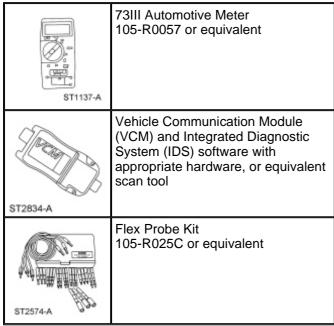
## **Instrument Cluster and Panel Illumination**

# Special Tool(s)



## **Principles of Operation**

NOTE: The Smart Junction Box (SJB) is also known as the Generic Electronic Module (GEM).

## **Dimmable Backlighting**

When the parking lamps are on, the <u>SJB</u> provides a Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) voltage to the dimmable instrument panel switches and components. The instrument panel dimmer switch allows the brightness level of the dimmable backlights and displays to be adjusted.

The <u>SJB</u> communicates with the Instrument Cluster (IC) and the Audio Control Module (ACM) through the Controller Area Network (CAN). The <u>IC</u> and <u>ACM</u> then increase or decrease the intensity of the backlighting according to the instrument panel dimmer switch position.

The dimmable components consist of the:

- IC
- ACM
- Instrument panel dimmer switch
- Message center switch
- Hazard flasher switch
- HVAC module
- Transmission Range (TR) indicator
- Convertible top switch (part of the overhead console) (if equipped)
- Steering wheel switch
- Headlamp switch

# **Non-Dimmable Backlighting**

When the key is in the ACC or RUN positions, the SJB energizes the accessory delay relay, providing switched

voltage to the non-dimmable components and switches. The non-dimmable components consist of the:

- Window control switches
- · Door lock control switches

### **Fault Management**

The <u>SJB</u> defaults the dimmable backlighting to full intensity if the instrument panel dimmer switch or circuitry fails.

The  $\underline{\text{IC}}$  and  $\underline{\text{ACM}}$  default to full nighttime brightness if they receive a missing or invalid backlighting message from the  $\underline{\text{SJB}}$ .

# **Inspection and Verification**

- 1. Verify the customer concern.
- 2. Visually inspect for obvious signs of mechanical or electrical damage.

# **Visual Inspection Chart**

Mechanical	Electrical
Instrument panel dimmer switch	<ul> <li>Smart Junction Box (SJB) fuse 6 (5A)</li> <li>Miniature bulb(s)</li> <li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li> <li>Accessory delay relay</li> <li>Instrument Cluster (IC)</li> <li>Headlamp switch</li> </ul>

- 3. If an obvious cause for an observed or reported concern is found, correct the cause (if possible) before proceeding to the next step.
- 4. **NOTE:** Make sure to use the latest scan tool software release.

If the cause is not visually evident, connect the scan tool to the Data Link Connector (DLC).

5. **NOTE:** The Vehicle Communication Module (VCM) LED prove-out confirms power and ground from the <u>DLC</u> are provided to the <u>VCM</u>.

If the scan tool does not communicate with the VCM:

- Check the VCM connection to the vehicle.
- Check the scan tool connection to the VCM.
- Refer to <u>Section 418-00</u>, No Power To The Scan Tool, to diagnose no power to the scan tool.
- 6. If the scan tool does not communicate with the vehicle:
  - Verify the ignition key is in the ON position.
  - Verify the scan tool operation with a known good vehicle.
  - Refer to Section 418-00 to diagnose no response from the PCM.
- 7. Carry out the network test.
  - If the scan tool responds with no communication with the <u>SJB</u>, refer to <u>Section 418-00</u>.
  - If the network test passes, retrieve and record the continuous memory DTCs.
- 8. Clear the continuous DTCs and carry out the self-test diagnostics for the <u>SJB</u>.
- 9. If the DTCs retrieved are related to the concern, go to DTC Charts. For all other DTCs, refer to the

Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Chart in <u>Section 419-10</u>.

10. If no DTCs related to the concern are retrieved, GO to Symptom Chart.

# **DTC Charts**

# Smart Junction Box (SJB) DTC Chart

DTC	Description	Action
B1247	Panel Dim Switch Circuit Open	GO to Pinpoint Test B .
B2027	LED Backlighting Output Circuit Failure	For all hardwired illuminated components inoperative, GO to Pinpoint Test A.  For all hardwired illuminated components always on, GO to Pinpoint Test C.
B2132	Dimmer Switch Circuit Short to Gnd	GO to Pinpoint Test B.
All other DTCs	_	REFER to the Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Chart in Section 419-10.

# **Symptom Chart**

# **Symptom Chart**

Condition	Possible Sources	Action
<ul> <li>No communication with the Smart Junction Box (SJB)</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Fuse(s)</li><li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li><li>SJB</li></ul>	REFER to <u>Section 418-00</u> .
<ul> <li>The control illumination is inoperative — all hardwired illumination</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li><li>SJB</li></ul>	GO to Pinpoint Test A .
The control illumination does not dim	<ul> <li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li> <li>Instrument panel dimmer switch</li> <li>SJB</li> </ul>	GO to Pinpoint Test B.
<ul> <li>The control illumination is always on — all hardwired illumination</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li><li>SJB</li></ul>	GO to Pinpoint Test C.
All network controlled illumination does not dim	<ul> <li>Medium Speed Controller Area Network (MS- CAN)</li> <li>SJB</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>CARRY OUT the network test.</li> <li>If the scan tool responds with no communication to any module on the MS-CAN, REFER to Section 418-00.</li> <li>If the scan tool communicates with the modules on the MS-CAN, INSTALL a new SJB. REFER to Section 419-10.</li> </ul>

		TEST the system for normal operation.
<ul> <li>The Instrument Cluster (IC) illumination is inoperative</li> </ul>	• <u>IC</u>	INSTALL a new <u>IC</u> . REFER to <u>Section 413-01</u> . TEST the system for normal operation.
The Audio Control Module (ACM) illumination is inoperative	• <u>ACM</u>	REMOVE the <u>ACM</u> . REFER to <u>Section 415-00</u> . SEND it to an authorized repair facility. TEST the system for normal operation after the repair.
The window control switch illumination is inoperative	Window control switch	<ul> <li>CHECK the operation of the power windows.</li> <li>If the power windows operate correctly, INSTALL a new window control switch. REFER to Section 501-11. TEST the system for normal operation.</li> <li>If the power windows do not operate correctly, REFER to Section 501-11.</li> </ul>
One or more hardwired illumination source (s) is inoperative	<ul> <li>Wiring, terminals or connectors</li> <li>Illuminated component</li> <li>Clockspring</li> <li>SJB</li> </ul>	GO to Pinpoint Test D.

# **Pinpoint Tests**

# Pinpoint Test A: The Control Illumination Is Inoperative — All Hardwired Illumination

Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 71, Cluster and Panel Illumination for schematic and connector information.

#### **Normal Operation**

When the headlamp switch is placed in the PARKING or HEADLAMP ON position, the Smart Junction Box (SJB) supplies either a Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) signal or 12 volts to the various backlighting sources in the instrument panel, doors and console.

• DTC B2027 (LED Backlighting Output Circuit Failure) — is a continuous and on-demand DTC that sets when the <u>SJB</u> detects a short to ground on the dimmable backlighting circuits.

# This pinpoint test is intended to diagnose the following:

- Wiring, terminals or connectors
- SJB

# PINPOINT TEST A: THE CONTROL ILLUMINATION IS INOPERATIVE — ALL HARDWIRED ILLUMINATION

*NOTICE:* Use the correct probe adapter(s) when making measurements. Failure to use the correct probe adapter(s) may damage the connector.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take	

#### A1 CHECK FOR RECORDED SJB DTCs FROM THE ON-DEMAND **SELF-TEST** Yes • Use the recorded results from the SJB self-test. GO to A3. • Is DTC B2027 recorded? No GO to A2. A2 CHECK THE INSTRUMENT PANEL DIMMER SWITCH Yes • Ignition ON. INSTALL a new SJB. REFER • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the scan tool: SJB to Section 419-10. TEST the DataLogger. system for normal operation. • Monitor the <u>SJB</u> instrument panel dimmer switch PID (PANELINT) while rotating the instrument panel dimmer switch from the lowest setting to the highest setting. • Does the PID indicate the switch is operating correctly? INSTALL a new instrument panel dimmer switch. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self-A3 CHECK CIRCUITS 1403 (BK/WH), 19 (LB/RD), 293 (OG/RD), 203 (OG/LB), 2023 (YE/LB), 2029 (LB/WH), 2030 (YE/WH) AND 1425 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND Ignition OFF. Yes • Disconnect: SJB C2280b. REMOVE the jumper wire. • Disconnect: SJB C2280e. REPAIR the circuit in question • Disconnect: <u>SJB</u> C2280f. for a short to ground. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self- Connect a fused jumper wire between the <u>SJB</u> connector and battery positive as follows: test. No **Suspect Illuminated Component** Connector-REMOVE the jumper wire. Location Pin Circuit INSTALL a new SJB. REFER 1403 Instrument panel dimmer switch C2280b-8 to Section 419-10. TEST the (BK/WH) system for normal operation. C2280e-12 19 (LB/RD) Transmission Range (TR) indicator/ambient lighting switch (if equipped) Convertible top switch (part of the C2280f-6 293 overhead console) (if equipped) (OG/RD) Speed control switch(es) C2280b-10 203 (OG/LB) Headlamp switch C2280b-6 2023 (YE/LB) Hazard flasher switch C2280b-11 2029 (LB/WH) Message center switch C2280b-9 2030 (YE/WH) Climate control assembly C2280b-23 1425 (GY/WH) • Did the jumper wire fail on any of the circuits?

#### Pinpoint Test B: The Instrument Panel Illumination Does Not Dim

Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 71, Cluster and Panel Illumination for schematic and connector information.

## **Normal Operation**

With the parking lamps on, a voltage signal is supplied to the instrument panel dimmer switch through circuit

1036 (BN/WH) from the Smart Junction Box (SJB). The dimmer switch passes this voltage through a variable resistor and then returns the signal to the <u>SJB</u> on circuit 1035 (OG/RD). The <u>SJB</u> uses the return signal to determine the backlighting intensity desired by the operator. A Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) signal is sent from the <u>SJB</u> to each of the dimmable backlights, maintaining the operator's desired level of lighting intensity.

The dimmable backlighting defaults to full intensity if the instrument panel dimmer switch or circuitry fails.

- DTC B1247 (Panel Dim Switch Circuit Open) is a continuous and on-demand DTC that sets when the SJB detects a open circuit from the instrument panel dimmer switch circuitry.
- DTC B2132 (Dimmer Switch Circuit Short to Gnd) is a continuous and on-demand DTC that sets when the <a href="SJB">SJB</a> detects a short to ground on the instrument panel dimmer switch reference signal circuit.

# This pinpoint test is intended to diagnose the following:

- · Wiring, terminals or connectors
- Instrument panel dimmer switch
- SJB

#### PINPOINT TEST B: THE INSTRUMENT PANEL ILLUMINATION DOES NOT DIM

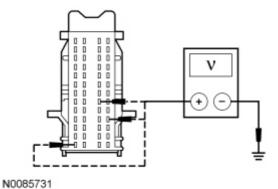
NOTICE: Use the correct probe adapter(s) when making measurements. Failure to use the correct probe adapter(s) may damage the connector.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
B1 MONITOR THE INSTRUMENT PANEL ILLUMINATION OPERATION	
<ul> <li>With the parking lamps on, rotate the dimmer switch from maximum brightness to minimum brightness.</li> <li>Monitor all instrument panel illumination sources for correct operation.</li> <li>Do the Instrument Cluster (IC) and Audio Control Module (ACM) dim correctly?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to B2.  No For the IC, INSTALL a new IC. REFER to Section 413- 01. TEST the system for normal operation.  For the ACM, REMOVE the Audio Control Module (ACM). REFER to Section 415-00. SEND it to an authorized repair facility. TEST the system for normal operation.
B2 CHECK THE SJB INSTRUMENT PANEL DIMMER SWITCH PIDs	
<ul> <li>Ignition ON.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the scan tool: <u>SJB</u>         DataLogger.</li> <li>Turn the parking lamps on.</li> <li>Monitor the <u>SJB</u> instrument panel dimmer switch PID (PANELINT)         while rotating the instrument panel dimmer switch from the lowest         setting to the highest setting.</li> <li>Do the <u>SJB</u> instrument panel dimmer switch PIDs agree with         the instrument panel dimmer switch position?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to <u>B7</u> . <b>No</b> GO to <u>B3</u> .
B3 CHECK THE INSTRUMENT PANEL DIMMER SWITCH OPERATION	
<ul> <li>Disconnect: Instrument Panel Dimmer Switch C2298.</li> <li>Carry out the instrument panel dimmer switch component test.</li> </ul>	Yes GO to <u>B4</u> .
Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 149 for component testing.      Does the instrument panel dimmer switch pass the component test?	No INSTALL a new instrument panel dimmer switch. REFER to Headlamp Switch in Section 417-01. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self-test.

# B4 CHECK CIRCUITS 1035 (OG/RD), 1036 (BN/WH) AND 1405 (LB/BK) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE

- Ignition OFF.
- Disconnect: SJB C2280b.
- Measure the voltage between the <u>SJB</u>, harness side and ground as follows:

Connector-Pin	Circuit
C2280b-43	1035 (OG/RD)
C2280b-32	1036 (BN/WH)
C2280b-1	1405 (LB/BK)

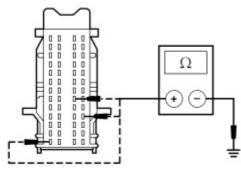


• Is any voltage indicated?

# B5 CHECK CIRCUITS 1035 (OG/RD), 1036 (BN/WH) AND 1405 (LB/BK) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND

• Measure the resistance between the <u>SJB</u>, harness side and ground as follows:

Connector-Pin	Circuit
C2280b-43	1035 (OG/RD)
C2280b-32	1036 (BN/WH)
C2280b-1	1405 (LB/BK)



N0085732

• Are the resistances greater than 10,000 ohms?

# B6 CHECK CIRCUITS 1035 (OG/RD), 1036 (BN/WH) AND 1405 (LB/BK) FOR AN OPEN

• Disconnect: Illumination Dimmer Switch C2298.

#### Yes

REPAIR the circuit in question. TEST the system for normal operation.

#### No

GO to <u>B5</u>.

Yes

GO to <u>B6</u>.

#### No

Yes

REPAIR the circuit in question. TEST the system for normal operation.

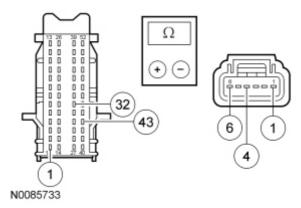
• Measure the resistance between the <u>SJB</u>, harness side and the instrument panel dimmer switch, harness side as follows:

SJB Connector-Pin	Instrument Panel Dimmer Switch Connector-Pin	Circuit
C2280b-43	C2298-6	1035 (OG/RD)
C2280b-32	C2298-1	1036 (BN/WH)
C2280b-1	C2298-4	1405 (LB/BK)

GO to B7.

#### No

REPAIR the circuit in question. TEST the system for normal operation.



• Are the resistances less than 5 ohms?

## **B7 CHECK FOR CORRECT SJB OPERATION**

- Disconnect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors.
- Check for:
  - corrosion
  - damaged pins
  - pushed-out pins
- Connect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors and make sure they seat correctly.
- Operate the system and verify the concern is still present.
- Is the concern still present?

# Yes

INSTALL a new <u>SJB</u>.
REFER to <u>Section 419-10</u>.
TEST the system for normal operation.

### No

The system is operating correctly at this time. The concern may have been caused by a loose or corroded connector. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self-test.

# Pinpoint Test C: The Control Illumination Is Always On — All Hardwired Illumination

Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 71, Cluster and Panel Illumination for schematic and connector information.

## **Normal Operation**

When the headlamp switch is placed in the PARKING or HEADLAMP ON position, the Smart Junction Box (SJB) supplies either a Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) signal or 12 volts to the various backlighting sources in the instrument panel, doors and console.

• DTC B2027 (LED Backlighting Output Circuit Failure) — is a continuous and on-demand DTC that sets when the <u>SJB</u> detects a short to voltage on the LED backlighting circuits.

#### This pinpoint test is intended to diagnose the following:

· Wiring, terminals or connectors

#### PINPOINT TEST C: THE CONTROL ILLUMINATION IS ALWAYS ON — ALL HARDWIRED ILLUMINATION

*NOTICE:* Use the correct probe adapter(s) when making measurements. Failure to use the correct probe adapter(s) may damage the connector.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
C1 CHECK FOR RECORDED <u>SJB</u> DTCs FROM THE ON-DEMAND SELF-TEST	
<ul> <li>Use the recorded results from the <u>SJB</u> self-test.</li> <li>Is DTC B2027 recorded?</li> </ul>	<b>Yes</b> GO to <u>C2</u> .
	<b>No</b> GO to <u>C3</u> .
C2 CHECK CIRCUITS 1403 (BK/WH), 19 (LB/RD), 293 (OG/RD), 203 (OG/LB), 2023 (YE/LB), 2030 (YE/WH) AND 1425 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE	
<ul> <li>Ignition OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect: <u>SJB</u> C2280b.</li> <li>Disconnect: <u>SJB</u> C2280e.</li> <li>Disconnect: <u>SJB</u> C2280f.</li> <li>Ignition ON.</li> <li>Do the dimmable backlighted components continue to illuminate?</li> </ul>	Yes REPAIR the circuit in question. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self-test.  No GO to C3.
C3 CHECK FOR CORRECT SJB OPERATION	
<ul> <li>Disconnect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors.</li> <li>Check for:         <ul> <li>corrosion</li> <li>damaged pins</li> <li>pushed-out pins</li> </ul> </li> <li>Connect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors and make sure they seat correctly.</li> <li>Operate the system and verify the concern is still present.</li> <li>Is the concern still present?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new SJB. REFER to Section 419- 10. TEST the system for normal operation.  No The system is operating correctly at this time. The concern may have been caused by a loose or corroded connector. CLEAR the DTCs. REPEAT the self-test.

#### Pinpoint Test D: One Or More Hardwired Illumination Source(s) Is Inoperative

Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 71, Cluster and Panel Illumination for schematic and connector information.

# Normal Operation — Dimmable Backlighting

With the parking lamps on, a voltage signal is supplied to the instrument panel dimmer switch through circuit 1036 (BN/WH) from the Smart Junction Box (SJB). The dimmer switch passes this voltage through a variable resistor and then returns the signal to the <u>SJB</u> on circuit 1035 (OG/RD). The <u>SJB</u> uses the return signal to determine the backlighting intensity desired by the operator. A Pulse-Width Modulation (PWM) signal is sent from the <u>SJB</u> to each of the dimmable backlights maintaining the operator's desired level of lighting intensity.

## **Non-Dimmable Backlighting**

When the ignition switch is placed in the ACC or ON position, a voltage signal is supplied to the <u>SJB</u>. The <u>SJB</u> activates the accessory delay relay, supplying voltage to the non-dimmable backlights.

#### This pinpoint test is intended to diagnose the following:

Wiring, terminals or connectors

- Illuminated component
- Clockspring
- SJB

# PINPOINT TEST D: ONE OR MORE HARDWIRED ILLUMINATION SOURCE(S) IS INOPERATIVE

*NOTICE:* Use the correct probe adapter(s) when making measurements. Failure to use the correct probe adapter(s) may damage the connector.

**NOTE:** Failure to disconnect the battery when instructed will result in false resistance readings. Refer to <u>Section 414-01</u>.

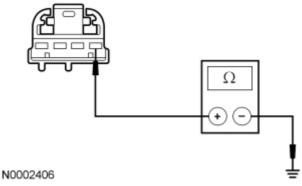
Test Step		Result / Act	ion to Take	
D1 CHECK THE INSTRUMENT PANEL ILLUMINATION OPERATION				
<ul> <li>Ignition ON.</li> <li>Place the headlamp switch in the PARKLAMP position.</li> <li>Rotate the dimmer switch to the maximum brightness position.</li> <li>Monitor all instrument panel illumination sources for correct operation.</li> <li>Are all the instrument panel illumination sources inoperative?</li> </ul>		Yes GO to Pinpoi  n.  No For a non-dir illumination s to D2.  For all others D4.	nmable, ource GO	
D2 CHECK THE DOOR LOCK COVOLTAGE  • Disconnect: Suspect Door Lock				
<ul> <li>Ignition ON.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between the suspect door lock control switch, harness side and ground as follows:</li> </ul>			GO to D3.  No REPAIR the	
Door Lock Control Switch	Connector-Pin	Circuit	question for a TEST the sys	
Driver	Driver C505-3 985 (RD/LB)			
Passenger C605-3 984 (YE/LB)				
N0085734  • Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?				
		I I AMP GROUND		
D3 CHECK THE DOOR LOCK CONTROL SWITCH LAMP GROUND CIRCUIT 1205 (BK) FOR AN OPEN				
<ul> <li>Ignition OFF.</li> <li>Disconnect: Negative Battery</li> <li>Measure the resistance betw harness side and ground as fellowed.</li> </ul>	een the suspect o	door lock control swite	Yes INSTALL a n lock control s REFER to Se	witch.

Suspect Door Lock Control Switch	Connector-Pin	Circuit
Driver	C505-1	1205 (BK)
Passenger	C605-1	1205 (BK)

<u>14</u>. TEST the system for normal operation.

#### No

REPAIR the circuit in question. TEST the system for normal operation.



• Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?

# D4 CHECK THE INOPERABLE ILLUMINATED COMPONENT CIRCUIT FOR VOLTAGE

- Disconnect: Suspect Illuminated Component.
- Ignition ON.
- NOTE: If the headlamp switch is the inoperative source, unplug the
  headlamp switch to measure the illumination circuit voltage. Unplugging
  the connector causes the <u>SJB</u> to turn the exterior lights on by default for
  10 minutes, so it is unnecessary to turn on the headlamp switch.
- Turn the parking lamps on and rotate the instrument panel dimmer switch to the full intensity position.
- Measure the voltage between the suspect illuminated component and ground as follows:

Suspect Illuminated Component Location	Connector- Pin	Circuit
Ambient lighting switch (if equipped)	C3348-3	VLN04 (VT/GY)
Transmission Range (TR) indicator	C307-4	19 (LB/RD)
Speed control switch	C2274-3	203 (OG/LB)
Convertible top switch (if equipped)	C9013-8	293 (OG/RD)
Instrument panel dimmer switch	C2298-3	1403 (BK/WH)
Climate control assembly	C294a-2	1425 (GY/WH)
Headlamp switch	C205-2	2023 (YE/LB)
Hazard flasher switch	C2039-6	2029 (LB/WH)
Message center switch	C253-1	2030 (YE/WH)

• Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?

# D5 CHECK THE ILLUMINATED COMPONENT VOLTAGE CIRCUIT FOR AN OPEN

- Ignition OFF.
- Connect: Suspect Illuminated Component.
- Disconnect: SJB C2280b.
- Disconnect: SJB C2280e.
- Disconnect: SJB C2280f.

Yes

GO to D8.

Nο

REPAIR the circuit in

Yes GO to D6.

No GO to D5. • Connect a fused jumper wire between the <u>SJB</u> connector and battery positive as follows:

question for an open. TEST the system for normal operation.

Suspect Illuminated Component Location	SJB Connector-Pin	Circuit
Instrument panel dimmer switch	C2280b-8	1403 (BK/WH)
Transmission Range (TR) indicator/ambient lighting switch (if equipped)	C2280e-12	19 (LB/RD)
Convertible top switch (part of the overhead console) (if equipped)	C2280f-6	293 (OG/RD)
Speed control switch(es)	C2280b-10	203 (OG/LB)
Headlamp switch	C2280b-6	2023 (YE/LB)
Message center switch	C2280b-9	2030 (YE/WH)
Hazard flasher switch	C2280b-11	2029 (LB/WH)
Climate control assembly	C2280b-23	1425 (GY/WH)

Does the suspect component illuminate?

# D6 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT TO THE ILLUMINATED COMPONENT FOR AN OPEN

- Turn the headlamp switch off.
- Ignition OFF.
- Disconnect: Negative Battery Cable.
- Disconnect: Suspect Illuminated Component.
- Measure the resistance between the inoperative illuminated component, harness side and ground as follows:

Suspect Illuminated Component Location	Connector- Pin	Circuit
Ambient lighting switch (if equipped)	C3348-4	GD908 (BK)
Transmission Range (TR) indicator	C307-1	1205 (BK)
Speed control switch	C2274-6	1205 (BK)
Convertible top switch (if equipped)	C9013-3	1205 (BK)
Climate control assembly	C294a-1	1205 (BK)
Headlamp switch	C205-1	1205 (BK)
Hazard flasher switch	C2039-1	1205 (BK)
Message center switch	C253-4	1205 (BK)

• Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?

# D7 CHECK THE CLOCKSPRING FOR AN OPEN

- Remove the driver air bag module. Refer to Section 501-20B.
- Disconnect: Steering Wheel Control Harness.
- Measure the resistance between the clockspring C2274 pin 3, component side, and the top of the clockspring pin 1, component side.

#### Yes

For the speed control switch, GO to D7.

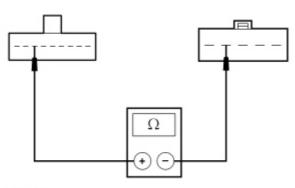
For all others, INSTALL a new illuminated component in question. TEST the system for normal operation.

# No

REPAIR the circuit in question. TEST the system for normal operation.

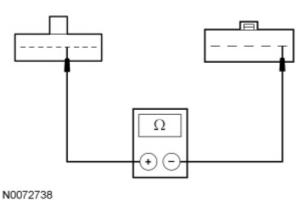
# Yes

INSTALL a new speed control switch. REFER to Section 310-03. INSTALL the driver air bag module. REFER to Section 501-20B. TEST the system for normal



N0072737

• Measure the resistance between the clockspring C2274 pin 6, component side and the top of the clockspring pin 4, component side.



140072730

• Are the resistances less than 5 ohms?

# **D8 CHECK FOR CORRECT SJB OPERATION**

- Disconnect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors.
- · Check for:
  - corrosion
  - damaged pins
  - pushed-out pins
- Connect all the <u>SJB</u> connectors and make sure they seat correctly.
- Operate the system and verify the concern is still present.
- Is the concern still present?

operation.

#### No

INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Section 501-20B.
INSTALL the driver air bag module. REFER to Section 501-20B. TEST the system for normal operation.

Yes

INSTALL a new <u>SJB</u>. REFER to <u>Section 419-</u> 10. TEST the system for normal operation.

# No

The system is operating correctly at this time. The concern may have been caused by a loose or corroded connector. REPEAT the self-test.